



KAMIYA BIOMEDICAL COMPANY

# Mouse Kidney Injury Molecule (KIM-1) ELISA

For the quantitative determination of KIM-1 in mouse biological samples

Cat. No. KT-636

For Research Use Only.

# **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

# Mouse Kidney Injury Molecule (KIM-1) ELISA Cat. No. KT-636

#### **INTENDED USE**

The Mouse KIM-1 ELISA is a highly sensitive two-site enzyme-linked immunoassay (ELISA) for the quantitative determination of KIM-1 in mouse biological samples. For research use only.

#### INTRODUCTION

KIM-1 is a trans-membrane structural glycoprotein in renal epithelial cells. These cells will shed KIM-1 antigen during regeneration into the urine which makes urinary KIM-1 a useful biomarker for kidney injury.

#### PRINCIPLE

The principle of the double antibody sandwich ELISA is represented in Figure 1. In this assay the KIM-1 present in samples reacts with the anti-KIM-1 antibodies which have been adsorbed to the surface of polystyrene microtiter wells. After the removal of unbound proteins by washing, anti-KIM-1 antibodies conjugated with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) are added. These enzyme-labeled antibodies form complexes with the previously bound KIM-1. Following another washing step, the enzyme bound to the immunosorbent is assayed by the addition of a chromogenic substrate, 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB). The quantity of bound enzyme varies directly with the concentration of KIM-1 in the sample tested; thus, the absorbance, at 450 nm, is a measure of the concentration of KIM-1 in the test sample. The quantity of KIM-1 in the test sample can be interpolated from the calibration curve constructed from the calibrators, and corrected for sample dilution.

Figure 1

Anti-KIM-1 Antibody Bound To Solid Phase
Calibrators and Samples Added
KIM-1 * Anti-KIM-1 Complexes Formed
Unbound Sample Proteins Removed
Anti-KIM-1-HRP Conjugate Added
Anti-KIM-1-HRP * KIM-1 * Anti-KIM-1 Complexes Formed
Unbound Anti-KIM-1-HRP Removed
TMB Substrate Added
ا Determine Bound Enzyme Activity

#### COMPONENTS

Diluent Concentrate
 One bottle containing 50 mL of a 5X concentrated diluent running buffer.

- 2. Wash Solution Concentrate One bottle containing 50 mL of a 20X concentrated wash solution.
- Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate Concentrate
   One vial containing 150 μL of a 100X concentrated affinity-purified anti-mouse KIM-1 antibody conjugated with HRP in
   stabilizing buffer.
- 4. TMB Substrate Solution One vial containing 12 mL of TMB and hydrogen peroxide in citric acid buffer at pH 3.3.
- 5. Stop Solution One vial containing 12 mL of 0.3 M sulfuric acid. WARNING: Avoid contact with skin.
- Microtiter Plate Twelve removable eight-well strips in well holder frame. Wells are coated with affinity-purified anti-mouse KIM-1.
- 7. Mouse KIM-1 Calibrator One vial containing Mouse KIM-1 Calibrator.

# MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Precision pipettes (2 µL to 200 µL) for making and dispensing dilutions
- Test tubes
- Microplate washer/aspirator
- Distilled or de-ionized H<sub>2</sub>O
- Microplate reader
- Assorted glassware for the preparation of reagents and buffer solutions
- Timer

#### PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Read the instructions carefully before beginning the assay.
- 2. This kit is for research use only.
- 3. Great care has been taken to ensure the quality and reliability of this product. However, it is possible that in certain cases, unusual results may be obtained due to high levels of interfering factors.
- 4. No additives or preservatives are necessary to maintain the integrity of the specimen. Avoid azide contamination.
- 5. Azide and thimerosal at concentrations higher than 0.1% inhibit the enzyme reaction.
- 6. Other precautions:
  - > Do not interchange kit components from different lots.
  - > Do not use kit components beyond the expiration date.
  - Protect reagents from direct sunlight.
  - > Do not pipette by mouth.
  - > Do not eat, drink, smoke or apply cosmetics where reagents are used.
  - Avoid all contact with the reagents by using gloves.
  - Stop solution contains diluted sulfuric acid. Irritation to eyes and skin is possible. Flush with water after contact.

# **REAGENT PREPARATION**

1. Diluent Concentrate

The Diluent solution supplied is a 5X concentrate and must be diluted 1:5 with distilled or de-ionized water.

2. Wash Solution Concentrate

The Wash Solution supplied is a 20X concentrate and must be diluted 1:20 with distilled or de-ionized water. Crystal formation in the concentrate is not uncommon when storage temperatures are low. Warming of the concentrate to 30-35°C before dilution can dissolve crystals.

3. Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate Concentrate

Calculate the required amount of working conjugate solution for each microtiter plate test strip by adding 10  $\mu$ L Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate to 990  $\mu$ L of 1X Diluent for each test strip to be used for testing. Mix uniformly, but gently. Avoid foaming.

- 4. TMB Substrate Solution Ready to use as supplied.
- 5. Stop Solution Ready to use as supplied.
- 6. Microtiter Plate

Ready to use as supplied. Unseal microtiter pouch and remove plate from pouch. Remove all strips and wells that <u>will</u> <u>not</u> be used in the assay and place back in pouch and re-seal along with desiccant.

7. Mouse KIM-1 Calibrator

The Mouse KIM-1 Calibrator should be aliquoted out and stored frozen. The calibrator is now at a concentration of 123.2 ng/mL. **Mouse KIM-1 Calibrators need to be prepared immediately prior to use (see chart below)**. Mix well between each step. Avoid foaming.

Calibrator	Concentration (ng/mL)	Calibrator Volume added to 1X Diluent	Volume of 1X Diluent
7	5	25 μL Mouse KIM-1 Calibrator	591 μL
6	2.5	250 $\mu$ L Calibrator 7	250 μL
5	1.25	250 $\mu$ L Calibrator 6	250 μL
4	0.625	250 $\mu$ L Calibrator 5	250 μL
3	0.3125	250 μL Calibrator 4	250 μL
2	0.156	250 μL Calibrator 3	250 μL
1	0.078	250 $\mu$ L Calibrator 2	250 μL
0	0		500 μL

# STORAGE AND STABILITY

#### 1. Complete Kit

The expiration date for the kit is stated on the outer label. The recommended storage temperature is 4°C. Note: See long term storage recommendations below for the Mouse KIM-1 Calibrator.

2. Diluent

The 5X Diluent Concentrate is stable until the expiration date. The 1X working solution is stable for at least one week from the date of preparation. Both solutions should be stored at 4°C.

3. Wash Solution

The 20X Wash Solution Concentrate is stable until the expiration date. The 1X working solution is stable for at least one week from the date of preparation. Both solutions can be stored at room temperature (RT, 16-25°C) or at 4°C.

#### 4. Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate

Undiluted anti-KIM-1-HRP conjugate should be stored at 4°C and diluted immediately prior to use. The working conjugate solution is stable for up to 1 hour when stored in the dark.

#### 5. TMB Substrate Solution

The TMB Substrate Solution should be stored at 4°C and is stable until the expiration date.

#### 6. Stop Solution

The Stop Solution should be stored at 4°C and is stable until the expiration date.

#### 7. Microtiter Plate

Anti-mouse KIM-1 coated wells are stable until the expiration date, and should be stored at 4°C in the sealed foil pouch with desiccant pack.

8. Mouse KIM-1 Calibrator

Long Term Storage: Upon receipt, aliquot the calibrator and store them frozen. They will be stable until expiration date. Short Term Storage: The calibrator is stable for up to 10 days at 4°C. The working calibrator solutions should be prepared immediately prior to use.

#### INDICATIONS OF INSTABILITY

If the test is performing correctly, the results observed with the calibrator solutions should be within 20% of the expected values.

#### SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING

Blood should be collected by venipuncture and the serum separated from the cells, after clot formation, by centrifugation. For plasma samples, blood should be collected into a container with an anticoagulant and then centrifuged. Care should be taken to minimize hemolysis, excessive hemolysis can impact your results. For urine samples, collect using standard techniques. The samples should be centrifuged to remove any possible debris. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing/thawing.

For any sample that might contain pathogens, care must be taken to prevent contact with open wounds. No additives or preservatives are necessary to maintain the integrity of the specimen. Avoid azide contamination.

# ASSAY PROTOCOL

#### **Dilution of Samples**

The assay for quantification of KIM-1 in samples requires that each test sample be diluted before use. For a single step determination a dilution of 1/3 is appropriate for most serum, plasma and urine samples. For absolute quantification of samples that yield results outside the range of the calibration curve, a lesser or greater dilution might be required. If unsure of sample level, a serial dilution with one or two representative samples before running the entire plate is highly recommended.

To prepare a 1/3 dilution of sample, transfer 80  $\mu$ L of sample to 160  $\mu$ L of 1X Diluent. This gives you a 1/3 dilution of your sample. Mix thoroughly.

#### Procedure

Bring all reagents to RT before use.

1. Pipette 100 µL of

Calibrator 0 (0.0 ng/mL) in duplicate Calibrator 1 (0.078 ng/mL) in duplicate Calibrator 2 (0.156 ng/mL) in duplicate Calibrator 3 (0.3125 ng/mL) in duplicate Calibrator 4 (0.625 ng/mL) in duplicate Calibrator 5 (1.25 ng/mL) in duplicate Calibrator 6 (2.5 ng/mL) in duplicate Calibrator 7 (5 ng/mL) in duplicate

- 2. Pipette 100 µL of diluted sample (in duplicate) into pre-designated wells.
- 3. Incubate the Microtiter Plate at 22°C (RT) for one hundred twenty (120 ± 2) minutes. Keep plate covered and level during incubation.
- 4. Following incubation, aspirate the contents of the wells.

- 5. Completely fill each well with appropriately diluted Wash Solution and aspirate. Repeat three times, for a total of four washes. If washing manually: completely fill wells with diluted Wash Solution, invert the plate and pour/shake out the contents in a waste container. Follow this by sharply striking the wells on absorbent paper to remove residual Wash Solution. Repeat three times for a total of four washes.
- Pipette 100 μL of appropriately diluted Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate to each well. Incubate at 22°C (RT) for thirty (30 ± 2) minutes. Keep plate covered in the dark and level during incubation.
- 7. Wash and blot the wells as described in Steps 4 and 5.
- 8. Pipette 100 µL of TMB Substrate Solution into each well.
- 9. Incubate in the dark at RT for precisely ten (10) minutes.
- 10. After ten minutes, add 100 µL of Stop Solution to each well.
- 11. Determine the absorbance at 450 nm of the contents of each well. Zero the plate reader to air.

The absorbance of the final reaction mixture can be measured up to 2 hours after the addition of the Stop Solution. However, good laboratory practice dictates that the measurement be made as soon as possible.

#### RESULTS

- 1. Subtract the average background value from the test values for each sample.
- 2. Using the results observed for the calibrators construct a calibration curve. The appropriate curve fit is that of a fourparameter logistics curve, although a second order polynomial (quadratic) or other curve fits may also be used.
- 3. Interpolate test sample values from calibration curve. Correct for sample dilution factor to arrive at KIM-1 concentration in original sample.

### **PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

In accord with good laboratory practice, the assays for specific KIM-1 require meticulous quality control. Each laboratory should use routine quality control procedures to establish inter- and intra-assay precision and performance characteristics.

#### LIMITATION OF THE PROCEDURE

- 1. Reliable and reproducible results will be obtained when the assay procedure is carried out with a complete understanding of the information contained in the package insert instructions and with adherence to good laboratory practice.
- Factors that might affect the performance of the assay include proper instrument function, cleanliness of glassware, quality of distilled or de-ionized water, and accuracy of reagent and sample pipettings, washing technique, incubation time or temperature.

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